

## Weather Forecast

Sunny and windy; high in low 40s today. Clear tonight; low 25 in city and 20 in suburbs. Tomorrow fair. (Full report on Page A-2.)

Midnight, 36 6 a.m. --- 32 11 a.m. --- 36  
2 a.m. --- 35 8 a.m. --- 32 Noon --- 38  
4 a.m. --- 33 10 a.m. --- 35 1 p.m. --- 41

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# The Evening Star

WITH SUNDAY MORNING EDITION

## Guide for Readers

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## McCarthy Calls 4 More Officials Pro-Communist

Service, Shapley, Schuman, Duran Named at Hearing

By Cecil Holland

Senator McCarthy, Republican, of Wisconsin today accused a Foreign Service officer, two American representatives with United Nations organizations and a State Department lecturer with having "pro-Communist" leanings.

He listed them before a Senate Foreign Relations Investigating Subcommittee as:

1. John Stewart Service, a veteran Foreign Service officer now

Sketches of New Figures Named by Senator McCarthy, Page A-6

on his way to Calcutta who is, Senator McCarthy charged, "a known associate and collaborator with Communists and pro-Communists."

2. Dr. Harlow Shapley, noted Harvard astronomer and a member of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, whose record with Communist front organizations, Senator McCarthy said, was "long and interesting."

Lecturer called Red Collaborator.

3. Dr. Frederick L. Schuman of the Williams College faculty and, according to Senator McCarthy, "a highly placed lecturer" with the department. He charged that Dr. Schuman is "one of the closest collaborators in and sponsors of Communist front organizations in America."

4. Gustavo Duran, a former State Department employee now with the International Refugee Organization of the United Nations who was accused by Senator McCarthy of having been a secret Soviet agent with the International Brigade in the Spanish civil war. Senator McCarthy also charged that a present cabinet officer recommended Mr. Duran for the IRO job where he is screening refugees coming to this country.

Senator McCarthy also presented the case of an unnamed former State Department employee and said the man was arrested here in 1943 as a homosexual and forfeited \$25 collateral. He added that the man "now holds an important and high paying position in one of the most sensitive agencies of our Government."

He noted that the State Department's loyalty rules list such persons as bad security risks because they were easily subject to blackmail.

List of 25 Names Submitted.

In response to a question by Chairman Tydings of the subcommittee Senator McCarthy said the man is now employed by the Central Intelligence Agency.

Senator McCarthy also submitted to the subcommittee a list of 25 persons he said he believed are employed in the State Department or closely related agencies and urged the committee to have an investigation made of their loyalty.

None of the 25 names was made public, and Senator McCarthy said none of the persons was named in his February 20 speech on the Senate floor that led to this investigation. At that time he said there were 81 bad security risks in the State Department.

Senator McCarthy gave the list to the committee after Chairman Tydings had announced that Edward P. Morgan, Washington lawyer and former FBI agent, had been named chief counsel of the committee. Senator Tydings said Mr. Morgan as an FBI agent said "a special study of Communists, Fascists and other totalitarian ideologies."

Nine Names.

The names that Senator McCarthy gave today brought to nine those he has accused of being pro-Communist or having affiliations with Communist front groups. Four of those named yesterday promptly denied his accusations and one—Judge Dorothy Kenyon of New York mentioned by Senator McCarthy last week—

(Continued on Page A-6, Col. 1.)

## House Probe of 'Big Crime' In U. S. Is Urged by Macy

A House committee investigation of "criminal activities on a country-wide basis" was proposed today by Representative Macy, Republican, of New York.

He sponsored a resolution for appointment of seven Representatives to make a "complete" study of organized crime of all kinds and suggest possible further legislation to curb "cartels in crime." The committee, he explained, would be authorized to hold hearings and subpoena witnesses and records.

Mr. Macy said such investigation would cover a broader field than would a Senate resolution introduced last month by Senator Kefauver, Democrat, of Tennessee.

"Congress can no longer close its eyes to the tentacles of big crime in this country," he declared.

## Truman's Party Doubts Efficacy Of Graham's Anti-Seasick Pills

Ross Says Boat Trip Won't Be President's Favorite Way to Get to Key West in Future

By the Associated Press

ABOARD THE U. S. S. WILLIAM C. LAWE, Mar. 14.—Messages from the White House yacht Williamsburg, buffeted by rough seas, indicated today that President Truman is suffering from seasickness en route to Key West, his Florida vacation retreat.

Presidential Secretary Charles G. Ross didn't come right out and say so in reports to newsmen aboard this escorting destroyer.

But Mr. Ross did say that the President, who has remained in his cabin since Sunday night, felt a little better today. And he predicted, without consulting Mr. Truman, that the President may be on taking another trip to Florida by sea.

Asked whether Mr. Truman—who often has flown to Florida—would undertake another trip by ship to Key West, Mr. Ross replied:

"I will say it will not be one of his favorite ways."

The secretary, who has been unavailable himself at times to make periodic reports to newsmen by radio-telephone, mentioned that Brig. Gen. Wallace H. Graham's new anti-seasickness capsule apparently has been no match for the effects of the rough water.

Mr. Ross didn't say what kind of pill the presidential physician had been offering, but he told reporters:

"Opinions vary as to the efficacy of the pill. Some have the opinion it is nothing more than a bread pill. Some seem to think it may do some good. I will not give you my opinion."

Mr. Ross added that Maj. Gen. Harry H. Vaughan, the President's Army aide, has been prostrate most of the time. Others of Mr. Truman's aides aboard the Williamsburg also have been reported ill or confined to their cabins.

Reports that there has been a surge of seasickness aboard the yacht were denied last night. The

(See TRUMAN, Page A-5.)

## Clementis Quits Post As Foreign Minister Of Czechoslovakia

Deputy Premier Siroky Appointed Successor By Communist Regime

By the Associated Press

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia, Mar. 14.—Foreign Minister Vladimir Clementis has resigned, Deputy Premier Vilam Siroky has been named as his successor.

The official announcement today gave no reason for the resignation of Clementis, a Communist journalist and lawyer, who succeeded the late Jan Masaryk as foreign minister in March, 1948.

(The resignation came on the heels of reports that a wholesale purge is imminent in the ranks of the Czech Communist Party on charges of Titoism. It gave rise to speculation that Clementis would be brought to trial on charges that he had not been faithful to the brand of Communism demanded by Soviet Russia as opposed to the "independent" Communism of Premier Marshal Tito of Yugoslavia.)

Announced to Cabinet. The official Czech news agency said Clementis' resignation had been accepted by President Klement Gottwald on the recommendation of Premier Antonin Zapotocky. Gottwald was Premier two years ago when he appointed Clementis.

The agency said Premier Zapotocky announced the resignation at the weekly meeting of the Czech cabinet.

Clementis was one of the last links between the present Communist government and the old exile Czech government which Eduard Benes headed in London during the war.

Clementis, a stocky Slovakian, has been frequently reported in the foreign press as on the outs with the other Communist leaders here because of his "moderate" approach to domestic and foreign affairs.

These reports had been dismissed as "wishful thinking" by government spokesmen.

Regarded as Westerner.

Western informants, however, have pointed out for some time that Clementis was regarded as a "Westerner" because of his long association with the London exile government during the war.

These informants said that leading members of the ruling Communist group here are Moscow-trained and are suspicious of anyone having a so-called "Western" taint.

Another member of the present government who also served London during the war is Minister of the Interior Vaclav Nosek.

The Czech exile government has been attacked by the controlled press here recently as "anti-national and anti-Soviet," but none of the articles has mentioned either Clementis or Nosek by name.

## Belgian Premier Confers 90 Minutes With Leopold

By the Associated Press

GENEVA, Switzerland, Mar. 14.—Belgian Premier Gaston Eyskens conferred for an hour and a half today with King Leopold II, then said additional discussions were expected.

Mr. Eyskens indicated that the King wanted time to consider what the Premier had told him. Mr. Eyskens did not disclose what was said, but reports from Brussels had declared the Premier would ask Leopold to abdicate the throne.

The Premier told reporters: "I have nothing whatever to tell you yet." Then he added:

"I spoke with the King for an hour and a half. Now, as is only natural, he asked for a few moments to reflect and consult with his advisers. It is quite possible that there may be several similar interruptions in our discussions later today."

## Opposition Rises Against Truman Housing Plan

Senate Due to Act Tomorrow; Likely To Vote Compromise

By J. A. O'Leary

Opposition appeared to be mounting in the Senate today to the Administration plan to give special Government financing terms to co-operatives to put up housing developments for middle-income families.

With a vote set for tomorrow, there were indications the Senate may adopt a middle-of-the-road course in preference to either the Administration program or its complete elimination.

A substitute sponsored by Republican Senators Tobey of New Hampshire and Ives of New York has a good chance of adoption. It is designed to encourage co-operatives, without offering them lower interest rates than are available on other types of FHA-insured housing.

As Senate debate went on, Government housing officials predicted 1951 may be the banner year for Government-aided housing projects. Their forecasts were made in testimony before a House subcommittee on appropriations for housing activities.

Loans for 50-Year Period. The middle income co-operative program favored by Democratic leaders would set up a national mortgage corporation to make loans to co-operatives for a period of 50 years. The Government would provide \$100 million of capital stock to start the venture. It would be retired after the capital reaches \$150 million by stock subscription from co-operative members.

The corporation would issue insured debentures and charge the co-operatives interest which would be only a fraction more than 3 per cent, including service costs. With presidential approval, these bonds could reach a total of \$1 billion.

Opponents contend this would give the co-operatives more favored treatment than those who start housing projects under other FHA programs.

In addition to the insured bonds, the administration plan authorizes \$25 million for direct technical assistance to co-operatives to get their projects started.

Fight Over Co-operatives. The Tobey-Ives substitute would authorize a reduced fund of \$10 million for this direct technical aid, but without any preferred insurance plan corresponding to the \$1 million in the administration bill.

Instead, the substitute directs Government housing officials to study the middle-income housing problem further and report back to Congress within two years.

The pending bill extends and broadens other features of Government machinery for assisting private housing developments. These other features are expected to pass. The only real fight is over the co-operatives.

The main fight in the pending bill is over a section which would authorize the Government to help co-operatives develop housing programs for families in the income brackets between \$2,800 and \$4,400.

The picture of booming construction activity during the coming year was revealed in hearings before the House Appropriations Committee on the 1951 budget, made public last night.

FHA told the House committee that home builders "are definitely getting into the lower price rental and lower price sales field." Cost figures are down about 10 per cent. No appreciation from the same bases.

(The combat radius of the B-29s without refueling is 2,000 miles. That means it can take off with enough gas to carry its bombload 2,000 miles from its base, attack its target, and return home.)

If tanker planes should meet returning bombers on the way home and refuel them a second time, the Air Force officer said, the combat radius of the B-29s could be increased still more.

He expressed belief that the radius of the B-50s, which is 2,300 miles without refueling, could be increased in similar proportion by teamwork with the tankers.

Because of the relatively short combat radius of fighter planes it is reported that the Air Force plans, in case of war, to send its bombers unescorted over enemy territory in bad weather or in darkness. One or two out of 20 would carry atomic bombs; the others orthodox explosives.

(See HOUSING, Page A-3.)

## Crosby's Condition Good

SANTA MONICA, Calif., Mar. 14 (AP)—Bing Crosby was reported in good condition today after an appendectomy yesterday. He is expected to return to his home at Pebble Beach later this week.

## Tanker Planes May Boost Range Of Super Forts by 1,000 Miles

By the Associated Press

The Air Force expects its Super Fortresses to increase their range by 1,000 miles and more as a result of tanker planes being added to the groups of these medium bombers.

The Super Fortresses are the B-29s of World War II and a more powerful postwar version of it, the B-50. The Strategic Air Command has nine groups of these planes.

Recently the Defense Department announced that these groups were being reorganized to increase the number of bombers in each from 30 to 45, and to add 20 B-29 tanker planes to each group. Every one of the nine groups is reported to have part of its tankers now, the numbers ranging from 1 to 18 per group.

An Air Force spokesman said today that the combat radius of the B-29 bombers can be increased from 2,000 to 3,000 miles by a single refueling from tankers



## Friendly Study Given By Senators to District School Building Plans

Commissioners' Slashes In Original Requests Cited To Subcommittee

By Don S. Warren

A Senate Appropriations subcommittee in charge of the District's record \$119 million supply bill for next year today gave friendly consideration to school expansion and improvement requests.

Discussion before the group, headed by Senator Hill, Democrat, of Alabama showed how the Commissioners had made big cuts in the original school requests. Statements by school and District officials, however, pointed out there was a harmonious feeling about it.

Senator Hunt, Democrat, of Wyoming asked whether the Commissioners had reduced the outlays school officials had proposed for school construction.

Considered Generous. School Supt. Hobart M. Corning said the Commissioners had, but added, "we thought they were very generous," considering the total capital outlay that could be made in the light of expected revenues.

In reducing the total requests of all departments from about \$139 million to \$119 million, the Commissioners had cut the school requests from \$33.6 to \$28.8 million.

There have been reports the Bates subcommittee of the House, in writing its version of the city's 1951 supply bill (not yet made public) was recommending a reduction of 10 per cent or more in authorized costs for new school building and other construction projects.

Urges Adequate Limit of Cost. In an apparent rebuttal on this Engineer Commissioner Gordon R. Young told the subcommittee of the wisdom of granting an adequate limit of cost for projects.

He cited the case of the big Spingarn Senior High School. It was possible to make an award to begin its construction, he said, because the total authorized cost had been on the liberal side instead of too close to estimated building costs.

Otherwise, he said, if there had been even a small rise in costs in the year between the drafting of plans and the calling for bids, the lowest bid received might have

(See BUDGET, Page A-3.)

## Jap Canaries Flying Here—by Airplane—As Gifts to Truman

By the Associated Press

TOKYO, Mar. 14.—The two winners in Kyushu Island's canary contest took to the air by plane—today for Washington. Destination: The White House.

The Kyushu Roller Canary Club of Fukuoka is presenting one to President and Mrs. Truman, the other to daughter Margaret.

## Christoffel Sentenced To 2 to 6 Year Term On Perjury Charge

Judge Letts Refuses Clemency Plea, Denies Bond Pending Appeal

Harold R. Christoffel, former Milwaukee labor leader, today was sentenced by District Court Judge F. Dickinson Letts to serve from two to six years on perjury charges.

The slender, former union leader was convicted by a jury February 23, on charges that he had lied to the House Labor Committee in 1947 when he denied Communist activities.

Christoffel was found guilty on five counts. Judge Letts in imposing sentence gave the defendant from two to six years on each count, but ordered the sentences to run concurrently.

Attorney Asks Leniency.

Attorney Herbert J. Fabricant, associate defense counsel, pleaded with Judge Letts for leniency. Attorney Fabricant said the 38-year-old Christoffel has young children dependent on him for support. He also argued that Christoffel had been in military service and had an honorable discharge.

In imposing sentence, Judge Letts denied Christoffel freedom on bail, pending appeal. Mr. Fabricant said he would appeal immediately.

Frank H. Patton, Special Assistant to the Attorney General, argued against freeing Christoffel on bail pending appeal.

Earlier Conviction Reversed.

Christoffel's other attorney, O. John Rogge, has been in Russia and was not at court for the sentencing.

Christoffel previously had been convicted in 1948 but the conviction was set aside by the Supreme Court on grounds that the Government had failed to prove that a quorum of the House Labor Committee was on hand when Christoffel appeared.

## Dairyman Sought After Wife Is Found Slain in Bungalow

By the Associated Press

SALISBURY, Md., Mar. 14.—A dairyman's wife was found today with the top of her head blown off and police swore out a murder warrant for the husband.

Investigators estimated Marjorie Mae Mahnke Moore, 28, had been dead for almost a week. They asked police in neighboring States to join the search for her husband, Russell C. Moore, 48. Police said he was seen here last night.

Apparently with him, they said, is a little girl believed to be a 4-year-old daughter, Marilyn. The year-old daughter, Marilyn, the alarm said he may have a shotgun.

Chief of Police William J. Chatham said there is evidence that Moore continued to live in the couple's four-room bungalow after his wife died.

## Grant Criticizes City Heads' Effort On Bridge Site

Says Anacostia Span On E. Capitol Street Would Imperil Area

By Harold B. Rogers

The proposed East Capitol street bridge over the Anacostia River was attacked and defended today as the "battle of the bridges" continued before a House District subcommittee.

Maj. Gen. U. S. Grant III, former chairman of the National Capital and Planning Commission, sharply criticized the District Commissioners for their attempt to get congressional approval of the East Capitol street crossing.

Gen. Grant charged that abandonment of the long-planned sports center at the foot of East Capitol street as recently recommended by Engineer Commissioner Gordon R. Young would do "irreparable damage" to the Metropolitan Area.

Traffic Congestion Feared.

Testifying as an official of the American Planning and Civic Association, Gen. Grant joined previous planning officials in their strong opposition to the pending bill for the East Capitol street site.

A bridge over the river there, he told the subcommittee, would pour so much traffic into B street S.E. and B street N.E. that congestion on these streets passing the Capitol grounds would become "intolerable."

He predicted that the situation might become so bad on Capitol Hill that Congress might be asked for Federal money to help build tunnels in the line of Independence and Constitution avenues to carry the overflow underground into the B streets east.

Unqualified support of the bill, sponsored by Representative Beall, Republican, of Maryland, and Representative Sasser, Democrat, of Maryland, was registered by the Washington Board of Trade through its secretary, William H. Press.

Statement Read to Committee. He read to the committee a statement by the board's highway committee, which had been approved by the executive committee of the trade body. This supported the East Capitol street site as the best river crossing to meet present and future traffic demands and outlined several reasons why it was better than the proposed Massachusetts avenue bridge site recommended by the planning commission staff.

Dr. F. P. Cullinan of the Department of Agriculture filed with the committee a proposed amendment to the pending bill which would guarantee that no public highway could be run through the National Arboretum. He said the amendment was asked by Acting Secretary of Agriculture K. T. Hutchinson.

Concurring in this recommendation was Frederic P. Lee of Bethesda, Md., chairman of the National Arboretum Advisory Council.

Precedent Is Feared.

Gen. Grant made an elaborate presentation to the subcommittee to support his opposition to the pending legislation. He warned that for Congress to enact the bill would prove a precedent for every agency who objects to recommendations of the National Park and Planning Commission.

Attacking the estimates of cost for the East Capitol Street Bridge, recently presented at a previous hearing, Gen. Grant said "they cannot be taken seriously."

He cited the District Highway Department's preliminary estimates for the Dupont Circle underpass, the new Fourteenth street bridge and the South Capitol street bridge in support of this contention.

Gen. Young was wrong in his prediction that there would be insufficient parking space for automobiles at the sports center, Gen. Grant told the committee. He said there would be room for about 15,000 cars, sufficient to accommodate the people expected to attend big events there.

The hearing will resume at 10 a.m. tomorrow.

## Late News Bulletins

Guay Sentenced to Hang

QUEBEC (AP)—A jury found J. Albert Guay guilty today of murdering his wife by planting a time bomb on a plane that killed her and 22 others. He was sentenced to be hanged.

Drive on Tax Evaders

The Justice Department today was moving to obtain indictments before a tomorrow midnight deadline in income tax evasions involving many millions of dollars and a number of wartime rackets as well as businessmen who failed to report all their gains. The cases concern incomes in the war-profit year of 1943. The department said grand juries are sitting in all parts of the country. (Earlier Story on Page A-5.)

McGhee in Addis Ababa

ADDIS ABABA, Ethiopia, Mar. 14 (AP)—Assistant United States Secretary of State George C. McGhee arrived here today for conferences with the Ethiopian government.